## Al and Drone Control

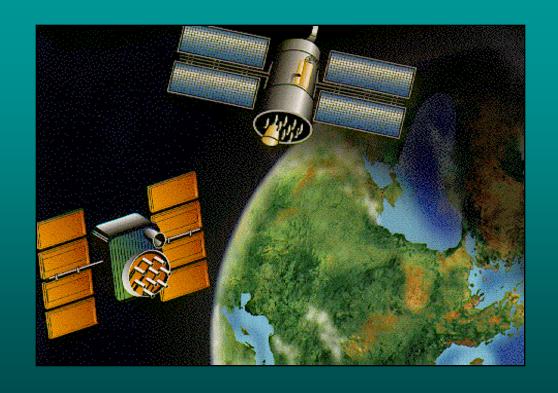
Dr. Prof. Dong Hwa Kim





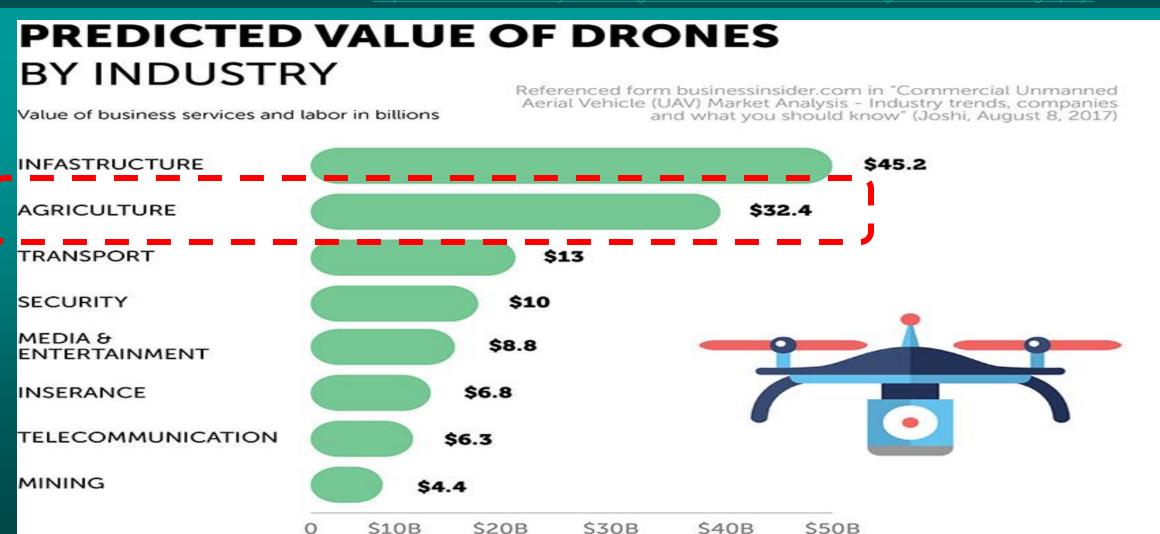
### Background

Why Drone?

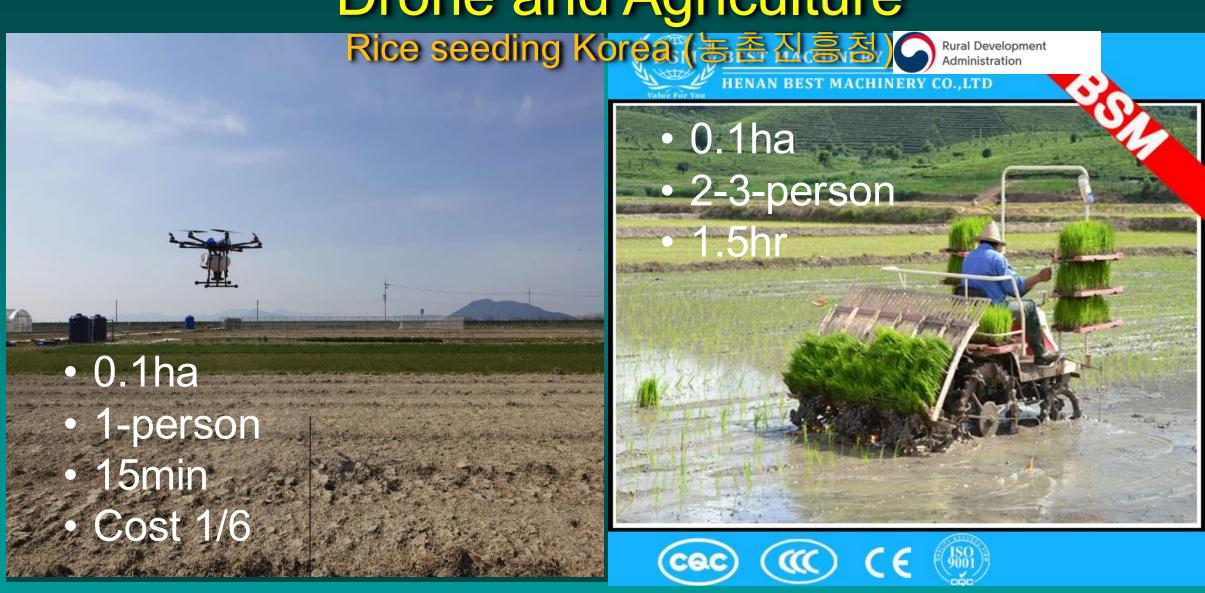


## **Drone Application Area**

<u> https://www.videocaddy.com/blog/the-technical-and-market-might-of-aerial-videography/</u>



## Drone and Agriculture



## African Drone



### **Drone Taxi**

MLIT (Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport), Korea



MLIT (Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport) moves to launching unmanned air Taxi by 2025. South Korea is investing around 24.5 billion won (\$22 million) to develop the so-called K-Drone System.

### **Drone Taxi**

**Dubai ready** 

#### **Digital Transformation**

- Taxi-drone service ready to take off in Dubai
- Two technologies with an increasing number of applications are joining forces in Dubai to provide citizens with a service that was previously only in the imagination of filmgoers: autonomous flying cars or, in other words, taxi-drones.

## **Drone and Construction**

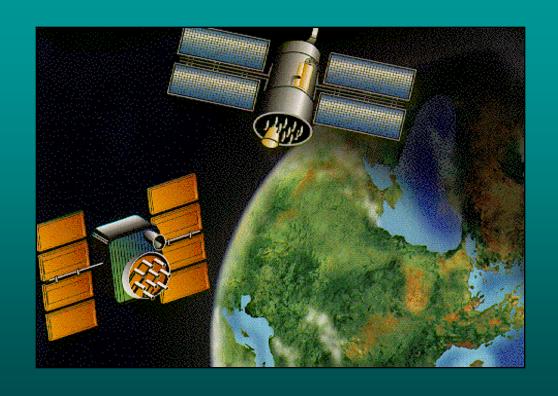
Drones could save 100s of construction workers' lives each year?

# **Drone Delivery**



#### Section 1

# Drone Policy & Market





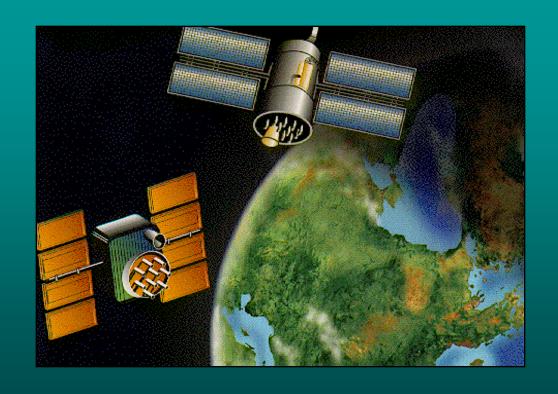
To understand geography trends, Download Sample Report.

# Major Drone Com.

Item	Com.	Products	Item	Com.	Products
Global	DJI	Agriculture/Phantom4I ndoor racing	Korea (200)	UMAC AIR (주)유 멕에어)	General / Racing
		ridoor radirig		Unicon system	Military/Industr
	Xiaomi	MI Drone		KEVA (카바드론)	Military/Construction
	ihang	ihang184		X Drone (엑스드 론)	Small multipurpose/Research
	Facebook	Internet Drone		Troizen (트로젠)	Racing/Toy
				Byrobot	Toy
				UVify (유비파이)	AI based Auto
	Intel	Tyhoon		Huins (휴인스)	Embedded/Education
	Daniel	D DI I		JuniLab (주니랩)	Smartphone control
	Parrot	Drone, Plane drone		EsV (이에스브이)	Race/Toy/Export
	Airbus	Survey for plane		Essen Digital (엣 센디지탈)	Race/Expert

### Section 3

# What Kinds of Drone



# What Types of Drone



# What Types of Drone



Toy Drone



Technology Education Drone



Public Drone (Fire, Agriculture)

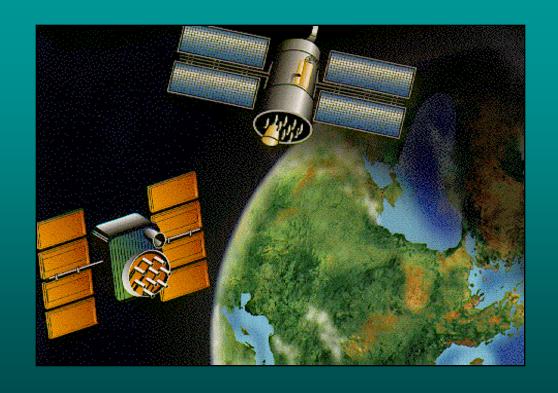


Racing Drone

**Commercial Drone** 

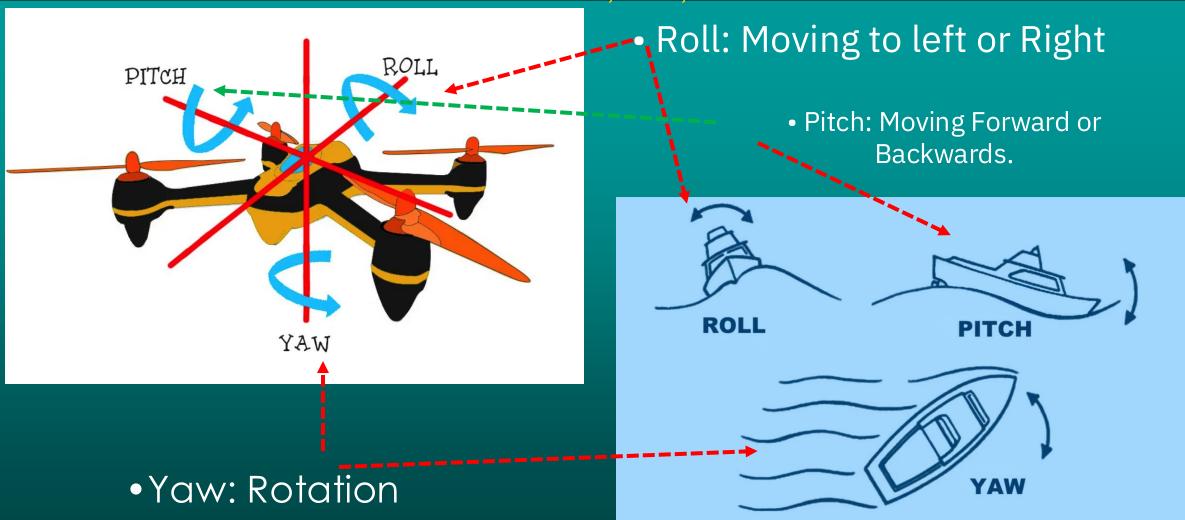
#### Section 4

# Drone Control Technology



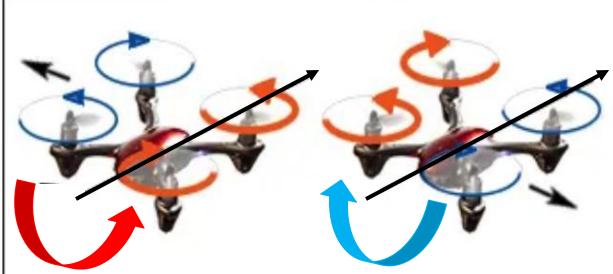
# How to Move

Pitch, Roll, Yaw











3. Roll Control (Right and Left)

4. Yaw Control (Rotation)

# **Dynamic Equation**

# R rotation matrix is as follows; Moving Equation (robot Drope

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta\cos\psi & \cos\theta\sin\psi & -\sin\theta\\ \sin\psi\sin\theta\cos\psi - \cos\phi\sin\psi & \cos\phi\cos\psi + \sin\phi\sin\theta\sin\psi & \sin\phi\cos\theta\\ \cos\phi\sin\theta\cos\psi + \sin\phi\sin\psi & \sin\theta\cos\phi\sin\psi - \sin\phi\cos\psi & \cos\theta\cos\phi \end{bmatrix}$$

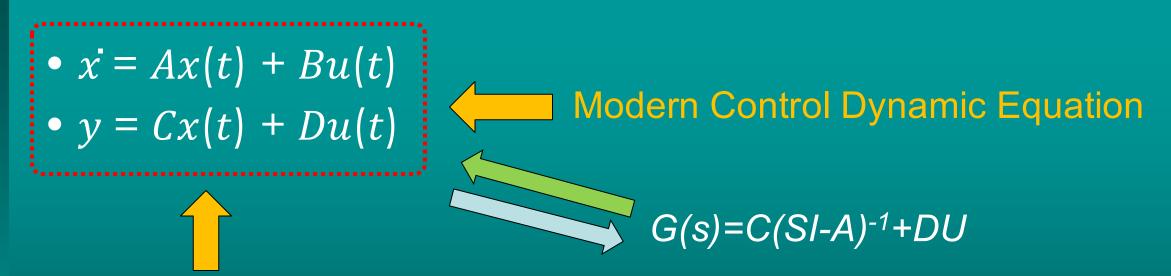
T is a matrix for angular transformations[20].

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \sin(\phi)\tan(\theta) & \cos(\phi)\tan(\theta) \\ 0 & \cos(\phi) & -\sin(\phi) \\ 0 & \frac{\sin(\phi)}{\cos(\theta)} & \frac{\cos(\phi)}{\cos(\theta)} \end{bmatrix}$$

Transformation Matrix

```
\dot{x} = w[s(\phi)c(\psi) + c(\phi)c(\psi)s(\theta)] - v[c(\phi)s(\psi) - c(\psi)s(\phi)s(\theta) + u[c(\psi)c(\theta)]]
\dot{y} = v[c(\phi) c(\psi) + s(\phi) s(\psi) s(\theta)] - w[c(\psi) s(\phi) - c(\phi) s(\psi) s(\theta) + u[c(\theta) s(\psi)]]
\dot{z} = w[c(\phi) c(\theta)] - u[s(\theta)] + v[c(\theta) s(\phi)]
\dot{\phi} = p + r[c(\phi) t(\theta)] + q[s(\phi) t(\theta)]
\dot{\theta} = q[c(\phi)] - r[s(\phi)]
                                                                                                  12 variables
\dot{\psi} = r \frac{s(\phi)}{c(\theta)} + q \frac{s(\phi)}{c(\theta)}
\dot{u} = (vr - wq) + g s(\theta)
                                                                                            \dot{v} = (wp - ur) - g c(\theta) s(\phi)
\dot{w} = (uq - vp) - g c(\theta) s(\phi) \frac{U_1}{m}
\dot{p} = \frac{I_y - I_z}{I_x} qr + \frac{U_2}{I_x}
\dot{q} = \frac{I_z - I_x}{I_y} pr + \frac{U_3}{I_y}
                                                       Dynamic Equation (5/9)
\dot{r} = \frac{I_x - I_y}{I_z} pq + \frac{U_4}{I_z}
```

# **Dynamic Equation**



- After the linearization is done
- The input matrix is determined,

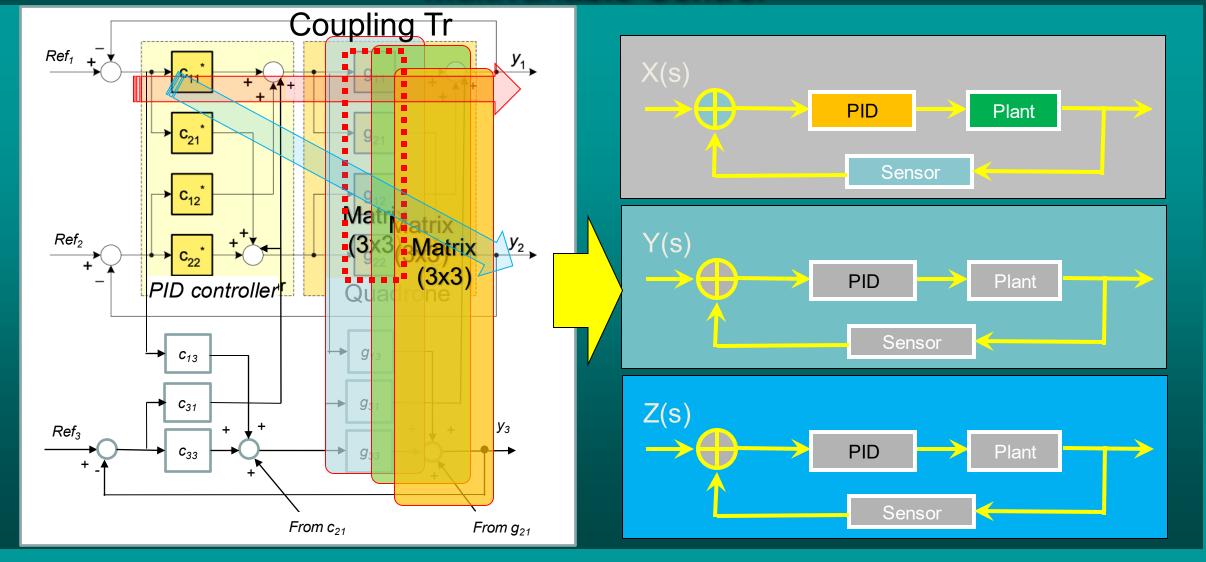
## **Dynamic Equation**

 Accordingly quadrotor hover, longitudinal and lateral flight PID would be as follows, respectively:

•u(t) = 
$$K_{ph}$$
e(t) +  $K_{ih}$   $\int$ e(v)d(v) +  $K_{dh}$ de(t)/dt  
•u(t) =  $K_{p\theta}$ e(t) +  $K_{i\theta}$   $\int$ e(v)d(v) +  $K_{d\theta}$  det/dt  
•u(t) =  $K_{p\theta}$ e(t) +  $K_{i\theta}$   $\int$ e(v)d(v) +  $K_{d\theta}$  det/dt

## **Drone Control**

**Multivariable Control** 







Multijoint Dancing Robot with Emotion Function

### Conclusion

